SQL Guidelines

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Table names

1. Table names must begin with the PrestaShop "_DB_PREFIX_" prefix.

```
... FROM `'. _DB_PREFIX_.'customer` ...
```

- 2. Table names must have the same name as the object they reflect: "ps_cart".
- 3. Table names have to stay singular: "ps_order".
- 4. Language data have to be stored in a table named exactly like the object's table, and with the "_lang" suffix: "ps_product_lang".

SQL query

1. Keywords must be written in uppercase.

```
SELECT `firstname`
FROM `'._DB_PREFIX_.'customer`
```

2. Back quotes ("`") must be used around SQL field names and table names.

```
SELECT p.`foo`, c.`bar`
FROM `'._DB_PREFIX_.'product` p, `'._DB_PREFIX_.'customer` c
```

3. Table aliases have to be named by taking the first letter of each word, and must be lowercase.

```
SELECT p.`id_product`, pl.`name`

FROM `'._DB_PREFIX_.'product` p

NATURAL JOIN `'._DB_PREFIX_.'product_lang` pl
```

4. When conflicts between table aliases occur, the second character has to be also used in the name.

```
SELECT ca.`id_product`, cu.`firstname`
FROM `'._DB_PREFIX_.'cart` ca, `'._DB_PREFIX_.'customer` cu
```

5. A new line has to be created for each clause.

```
$query = 'SELECT pl.`name`
FROM `'._DB_PREFIX_.'product_lang` pl
WHERE pl.`id_product` = 17';
```

6. It is forbidden to make a JOIN in a WHERE clause.