

# Updating PrestaShop

New versions of PrestaShop come every few weeks. Some are major, most are minor, but they all bring a slew of innovations, improvements and bug-fixes. It is therefore highly advised to keep up with the latest version.

There are 5 steps to follow for a successful upgrade:

- 1. Save and Backup Your Current Shop**  
This step consists of backing up your database and your files. This step is not to be avoided, and should never ever be ignored or skipped. Do not proceed to step 2 without completing this step.
- 2. Getting Ready for the New Version**  
This step consists of preparing the files that you will need to copy into the new version of PrestaShop.
- 3. Starting the Update**  
This step consists of starting the upgrade script which will upgrade your database.
- 4. QA and Testing**  
This step consists of doing various checks to make sure that the store has been properly updated to the latest version.
- 5. Going Live with the New Website**  
This step will accompany you in going live with the latest update.

These five steps are necessary for a successful upgrade. Please pay close attention to any of them, and do not skip any steps.

Done well, the whole update process described within these pages should not take more than half an hour. Do not try to skip a step in order to be done with it faster, as all steps are crucial.

## Video tutorial

Rather than read the following page, you can follow the very same steps explained in a video: [Update your store to PrestaShop v. 1.4.](#)  
Plutôt que de lire ce long texte, vous pouvez suivre les explications de la vidéo suivante : [Mettre à jour PrestaShop en version 1.4.](#)

## PrestaShop support

For any **support request** or **help to setup your website**, contact us and discover our yearly support offers.

Our support team is at your disposition for all technical problems related to the upgrade of your PrestaShop store:

- By e-mail: [support@prestashop.com](mailto:support@prestashop.com)
- By phone: +33.1 40 18 30 04 (9 am – 6 pm Central European Time)
- <http://support.prestashop.com>
- And the ever-helping [community forums](#)

## Step 1 – Save and Backup Your Current Store

### Caution

Not backing up your store constitutes a very important risk if you encounter any difficulties with the upgrade. There is a risk of data loss.

**Do not ever skip this step.** Do not proceed to step 2 unless you are absolutely certain that your backups are completed, successful, and fully functional. Do check several times.

### Backing Up Your Files

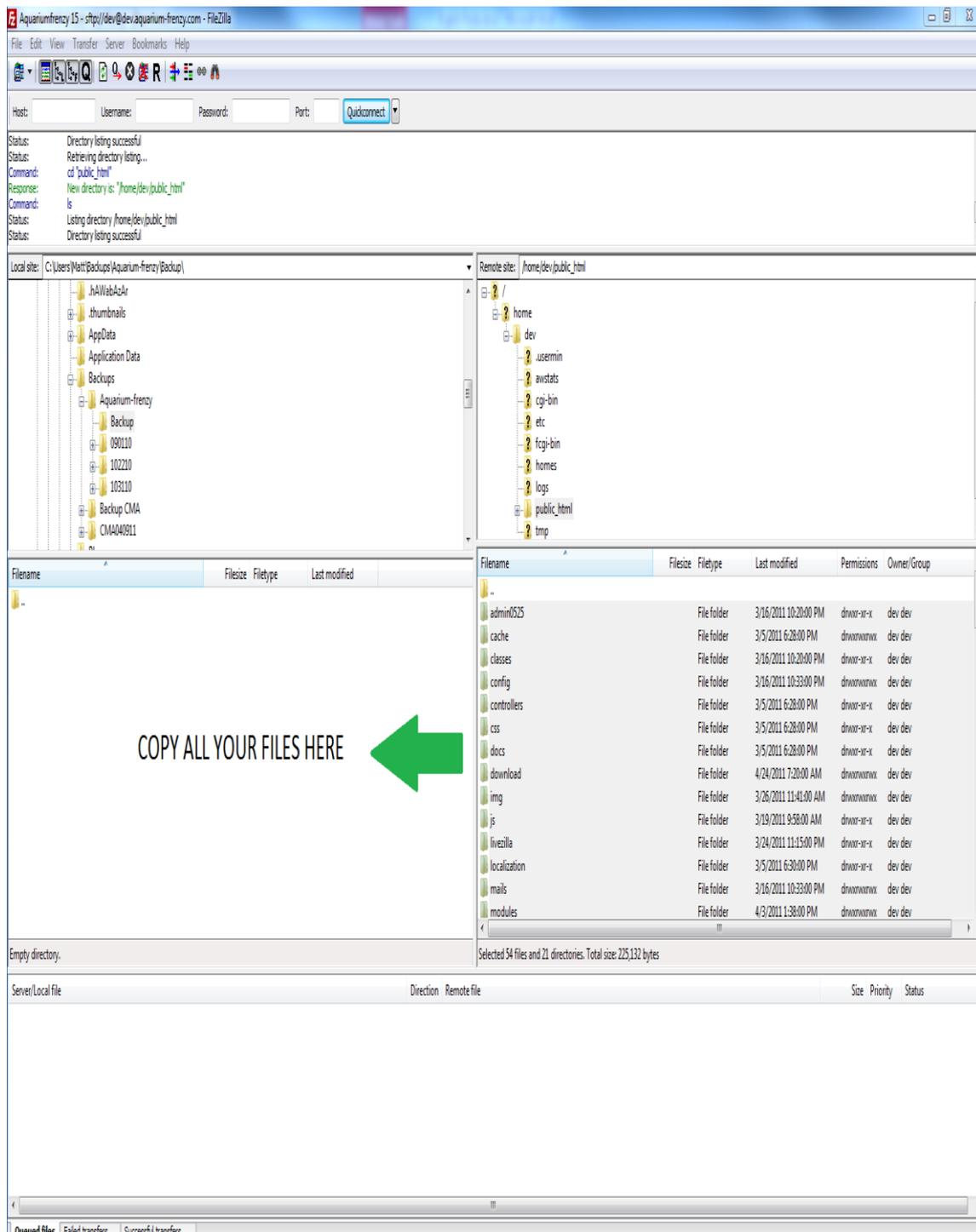
You must save all of the files related to your PrestaShop store.

There are two main ways of backing up your files:

- **Ask your hosting company to back up your files**  
Making sure that this backup is fully functional, recent, and more importantly that it reflects the content of your current store.

...or...

- **Copy all of your files from your server to your local computer using an FTP client**  
This method is only possible if your hosting provider has provided you with an FTP access to your server. Create a "Backup" folder on your computer, then, using an FTP client (such as [the free FileZilla client](#)), select all the PrestaShop files and folders on your server (use the Ctrl-A command) and copy them to your "Backup" folder.



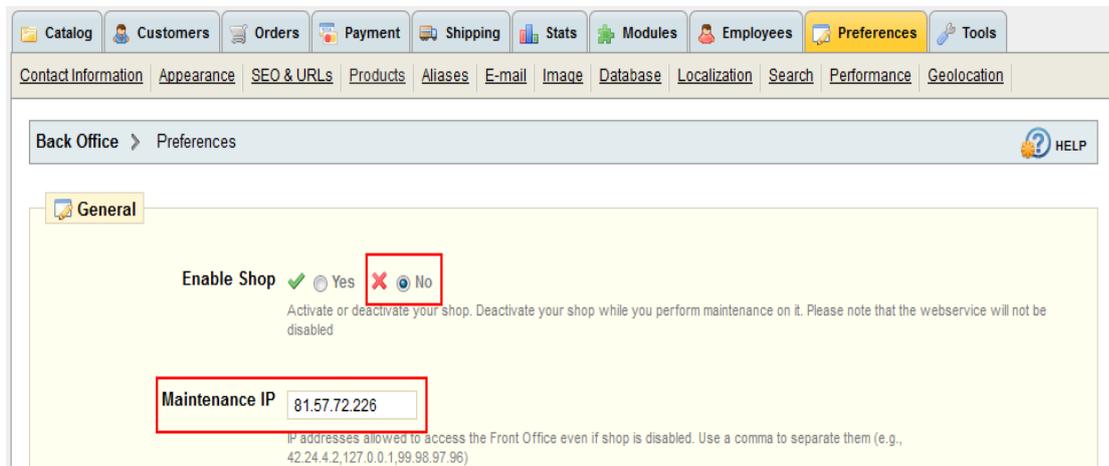
## Deactivating Your Store

### ⚠ Caution

Disabling your store is **very important**.

By doing so, you make sure that there is no activity on your store while you are updating it. Therefore, if you ever have to revert the update using a backup, you won't have lost any unfinished carts or orders.

Go to your store's back-office, click on the "Preference" tab, then select "No" for the "Enable Shop" option.



In the "Maintenance IP" field, located just below the "Enable Shop" one, enter your own IP address, so that you can keep on using your store during the update. This will allow you to test the store, while still making sure visitors cannot access the website.

In order to find out your IP address, visit this page: <http://www.myip.dk/>

## Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4)

IP Address: 81.57.72.226

Hostname: tui75-1-81-57-72-226.fbx.proxad.net

## Backing Up Your Database

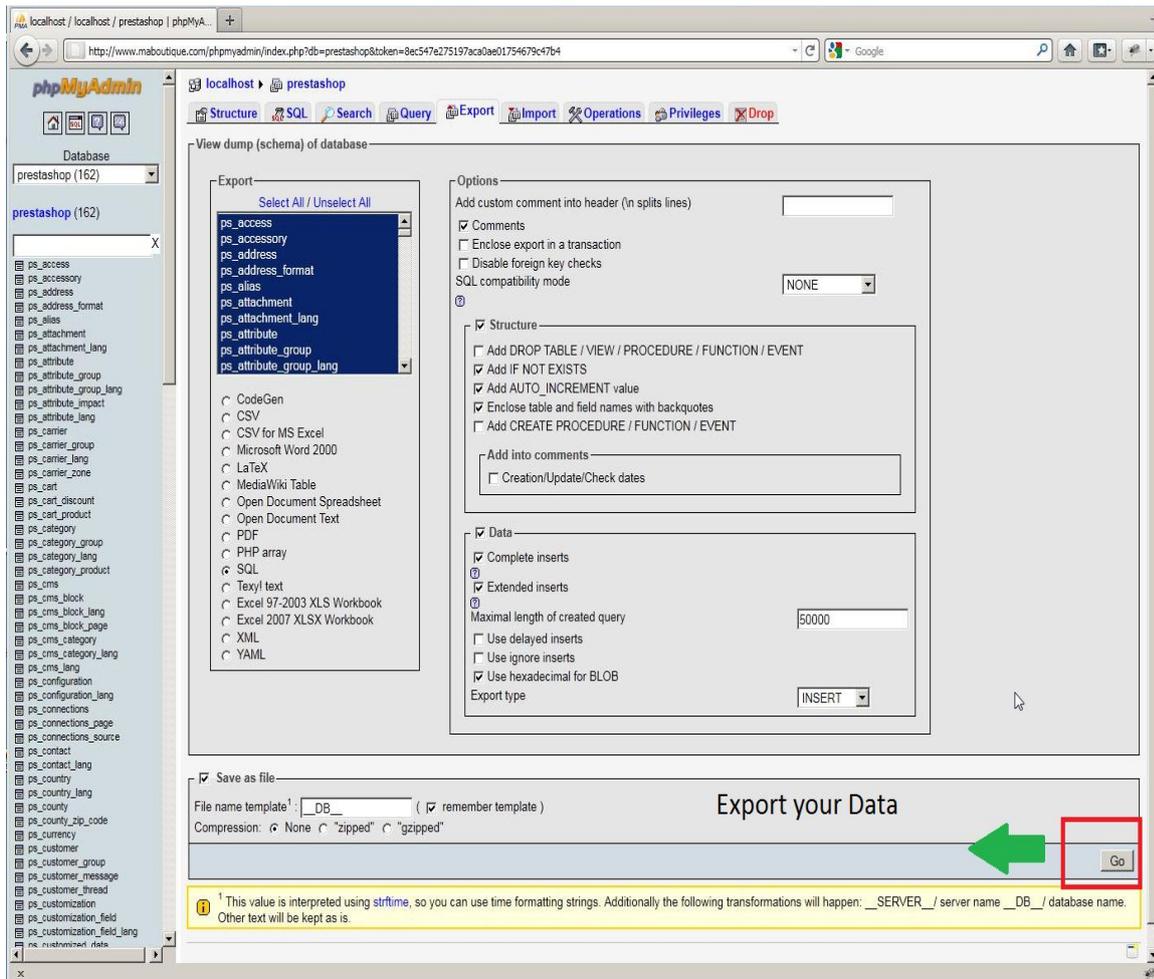
You must absolutely back up the whole database for your PrestaShop store.

There are three different ways to back up your database:

- **Ask you hosting provider to back up your database**  
Be sure that your database backup is functional, recent, and especially that it contains all of your data for your PrestaShop Store.

...or...

- **Download a copy of your database via phpMyAdmin**  
Be sure that your database backup is functional, recent, and especially that it contains all of your data for your PrestaShop Store. If your database is too big, you might receive an error. If that is the case, you will need to contact your hosting provider.



...OR...

- **Download a Database Backup from your PrestaShop Back-Office**

Visit the "Tools" tab, then the "DB backup" sub-tab. This process will take between 1 and 20 minutes depending on the size of your database. Make sure this backup is functional, recent, and especially that it contains of all the data of your website. Open the zip file and make sure that there are absolutely NO ERRORS before proceeding to the next step.

## Backing up Your Customized Translation

If you did not edit the available translations or add new ones (either PrestaShop's or your modules'), please proceed to step 2.

Navigate to the "Tools" tab, then the "Translations" sub-tab of your back-office.

In the section "Export a Language" select the language to which you have made any modifications, then select your current theme, and click "Export".

Save the downloaded file into a backup folder of your choice, on your local computer...

The screenshot shows the PrestaShop Back Office interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with icons for Catalog, Customers, Orders, Payment, Shipping, Stats, Modules, Employees, Preferences, and Tools. Below this is a secondary menu with links for Languages, Translations, Quick Accesses, Aliases, Import, Subdomains, DB backup, CMS, Generators, Informations, Stores, and Log. The main content area has a breadcrumb trail: Back Office > Tools > Translations. The 'Modify translations' section is highlighted in yellow and contains instructions on how to modify translations for different sections and languages. Below it is the 'Translation exchange' section, also highlighted in yellow, which includes 'Add a language' and 'Import a language pack manually' sub-sections. The 'Export a language' section is highlighted with a red border and contains the following text: 'Export data from one language to a file (language pack). Choose the theme from which you want to export translations.' Below this text are two dropdown menus: 'English (English)' and 'prestashop', followed by an 'Export' button. A large green arrow points from this section to the text 'Export your Translations'. Below the 'Export a language' section is the 'Copy' section, which allows copying data from one language to another. At the bottom of the page, there is a footer with 'PrestaShop™ 1.4.0.17', 'Load time: 4.366s', and links for 'Contact', 'Bug Tracker', and 'Forum'.

Do this for all your custom languages, both those you created/added and those you modified/corrected.

 **Verify your Backup folder**

Does it contain...

- ...a complete copy of all of your files?
- ...a complete and error-less copy of your database?
- ...a copy of your customized translations (optional)?

You have checked the entire backup folder, and made sure that they are all correct and that you would be able to return to your current version / restore all of your data.

If you answered yes to all of the questions above, then proceed to Step 2.

## Step 2 - Getting Ready for the New Version

### Downloading and Unzipping of the Latest PrestaShop Version

Visit <http://www.prestashop.com> and download the latest version of PrestaShop (click the "Download" button on the homepage).

You now should have a file: prestashop\_1.x.x.zip (where "x" is a digit of the version number).

Unzip the file to your computer. If you do not yet have an unzipping tool, you can download a free one here: <http://www.7-zip.org/>.

Once unzipped, open the `"/prestashop"` folder that was inside the Zip archive.

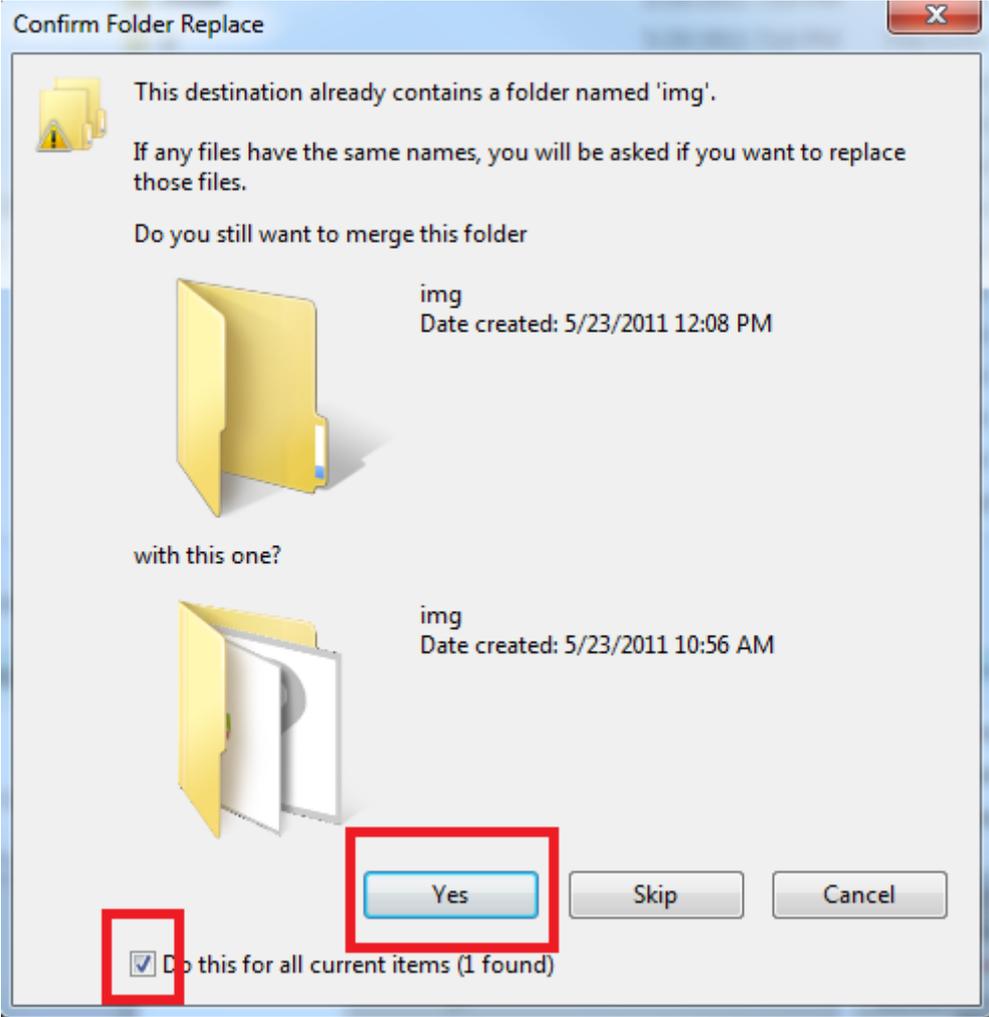
In that `"/prestashop"` folder, select the `"/admin"` folder and rename it to something unique to you (for instance, `"/admin436"`). Your online store currently also has a unique "admin" folder, from its original installation; you can use that unique name if you wish. If you do not know the unique name of your online store's `"/admin"` folder, use whichever name you want.

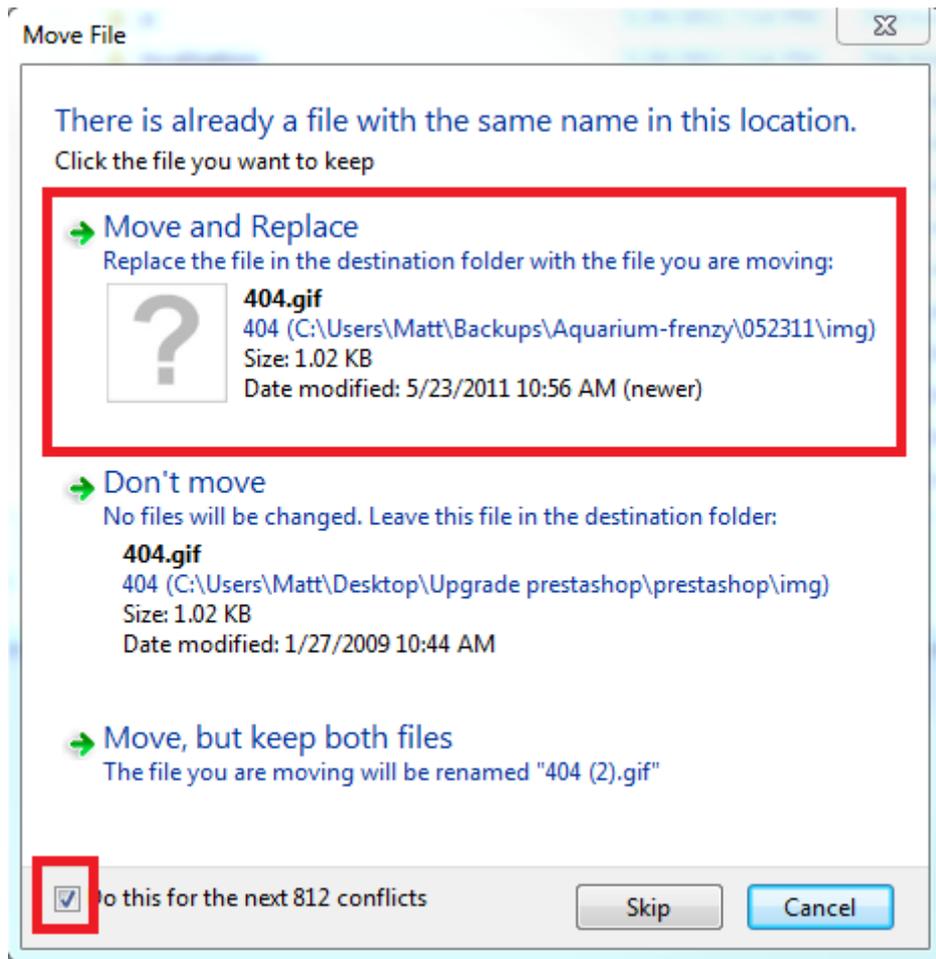
### Copying the files backed up during Step 1 to the "prestashop" folder

Some of the folders that you have backed up will need to be copied to your `"/prestashop"` folder.

#### Caution

You will be copying files from your "Backup" directory to the `"/prestashop"` directory. Answer "Yes" when the system asks you to replace the existing files.





The following folders must be copied from your backup to the recently unzipped `/prestashop` folder:

- `/mails` folder has all the mails that you have modified. If you have never made any modification there, do not worry about this folder.
- `/img` folder contains your logo and all the pictures of your store (categories, products...)
- `/modules` folder, only copy the modules that you have added.
- `/themes/yourtheme` folder, only copy your current theme. If you use the default theme from PrestaShop, do not copy it, you must use the one from the new version.
- `/download` and `/upload` folders, which contain all the downloadable products, the attached files and the customizable products. If you do not use any of these functionalities, do not copy these folders.
- `/classes` folder: in case you have added customized classes to this folder, copy them to the new `/classes` folder. Then open each and every one of them, and rename their class name, adding the "Core" suffix. For instance, "MyClasse" becomes "MyClasseCore". Only change the name in the PHP class within file, not the name of the file itself.

- /config folders, only copy the `settings.inc.php` file, then modify the following lines:
  - The line that contains "`PS_BASE_URI`" must contain the name of the subfolder where you are going to do your update. For instance, `"/prestashop/"` instead of `"/"`, or of the name of current folder for your current store.
  - If you modified your database credentials (you should not have had to do that normally), update all the lines that contain "`DB_NAME`", "`DB_USER`" and "`DB_PASSWD`" too.

## Moving the "prestashop" folder to your FTP server

The "prestashop" folder that you have unzipped, now contains all the modifications from your "Backup" folder (and therefore, from your current live store). This next step will have you upload that folder on your FTP server.

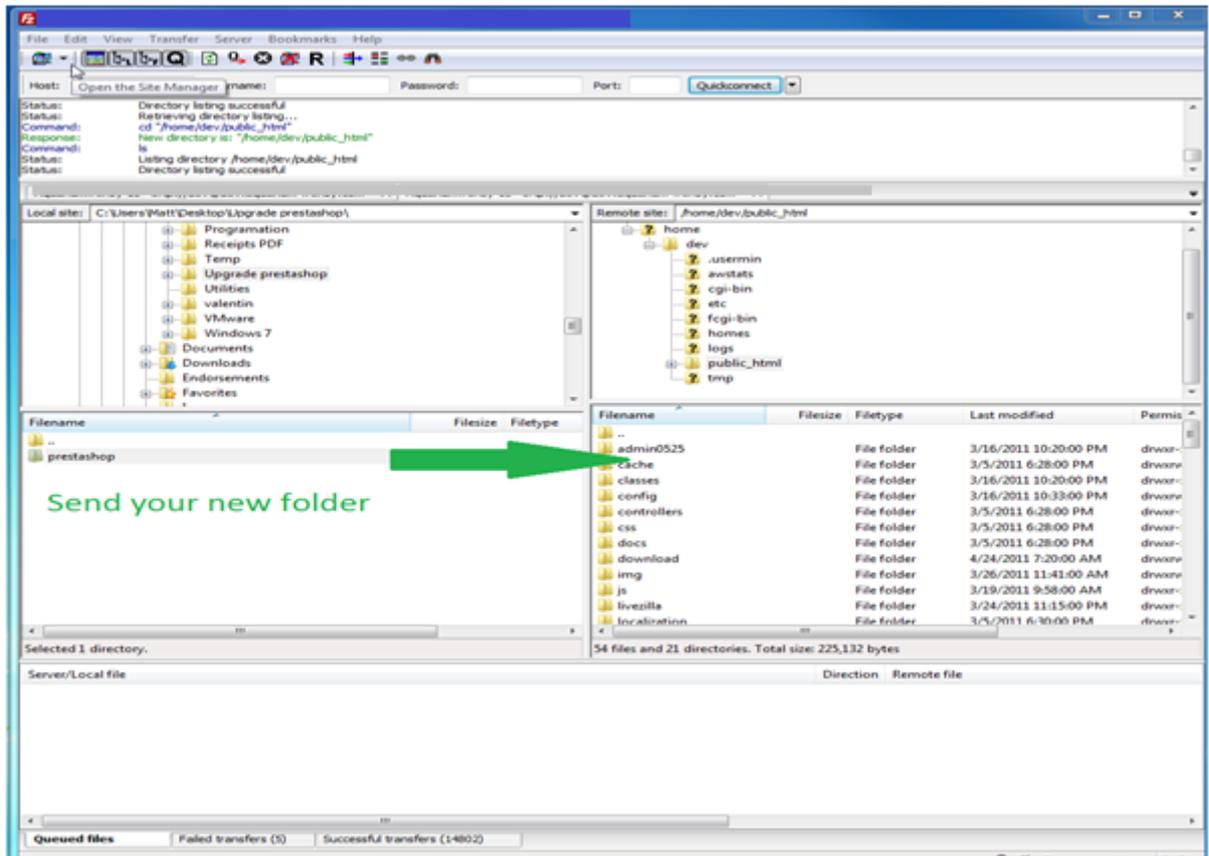


### Caution

If the folder of your online store is already named "prestashop", rename the "prestashop" folder on your hard drive to something else before sending it onto your FTP server.

If you renamed the "prestashop" folder, do not forget to update the `config/settings.inc.php` file accordingly, as explained in step 2-B.

Using your FTP client, upload the "prestashop" folder to your server.



## Checking before going further

Let's say your store is at the following URL:  
<http://www.myprestashop.com>.

1. To test the update, you first downloaded the latest version of PrestaShop.
2. You unzipped this version, which contained a folder called "prestashop".
3. You copied your customized files from your backup to this new "prestashop" folder.
4. You modified the file `config/settings.inc.php` on line "PS\_BASE\_URI" so that it has the name of the folder on your server (should be "prestashop").

For instance:

- 5.
6. `define('__PS_BASE_URI__', '/');`

...was replaced by...

```
define('__PS_BASE_URI__', '/prestashop/');
```

7. You uploaded your "prestashop" folder to your FTP server, and it can be accessed at: <http://www.myprestashop.com/prestashop>

### ✔ Did you follow these 5 steps?

1. Downloaded PrestaShop
2. Unzipping the downloaded .zip file
3. Manual copy of the folder of step 2.B
4. Transfer the whole directory "prestashop" onto your FTP
5. Edited the PS\_BASE\_URI line from the `config/settings.inc.php` file

If you answered yes to all the questions above, then proceed to step 3.

## Step 3 – Starting the Update

### Launching the update script

Visit your shop's install script URL; for instance:

<http://www.myprestashop.com/prestashop/install> (Replace "myprestashop.com" with the actual URL of your store, and "prestashop" with the name of the folder that you have just transferred to your FTP).

That URL should show:



## PRESTASHOP 1.4.2.3 INSTALLER

### 1 Welcome!

### 2 System Compatibility

### 3 System Configuration

### 4 Shop Configuration

### 5 Installation is complete!

**Need help?**  
All tips and advice about  
PrestaShop

- [Forum](#)
- [Blog](#)

## WELCOME!

Welcome to the PrestaShop™ v1.4.2.3 Installer wizard.  
Please allow 5-15 minutes to complete the installation process.

The PrestaShop Installer will do most of the work in just a few clicks.  
However, you must know how to do the following manually:

- Set permissions on folders & subfolders using Terminal or an FTP client
- Access and configure PHP 5.0+ on your hosting server
- Back up your database and all application files (update only)

For more information, please consult our [online documentation](#).

### Choose the installer language:

- English
- Français (French)
- Español (Spanish)
- Deutsch (German)
- Italiano (Italian)

### Did you know?

Prestashop and community offers over 40 different languages for free download on <http://www.prestashop.com>

### Installation method

- Installation: Full installation of the PrestaShop™ e-Commerce Solution
- Update: Get the latest stable version (installed version detected : 1.4.0.17)

## LICENSE AGREEMENT

### Open Software License ("OSL") v. 3.0

This Open Software License (the "License") applies to any original work of authorship (the "Original Work") whose owner (the "Licensor") has placed the following licensing notice adjacent to the copyright notice for the Original Work:

### Licensed under the Open Software License version 3.0

**1. Grant of Copyright License.** Licensor grants You a worldwide, royalty-free, non-exclusive, sublicensable license, for the duration of the copyright, to do the following:

I agree to the above terms and conditions.

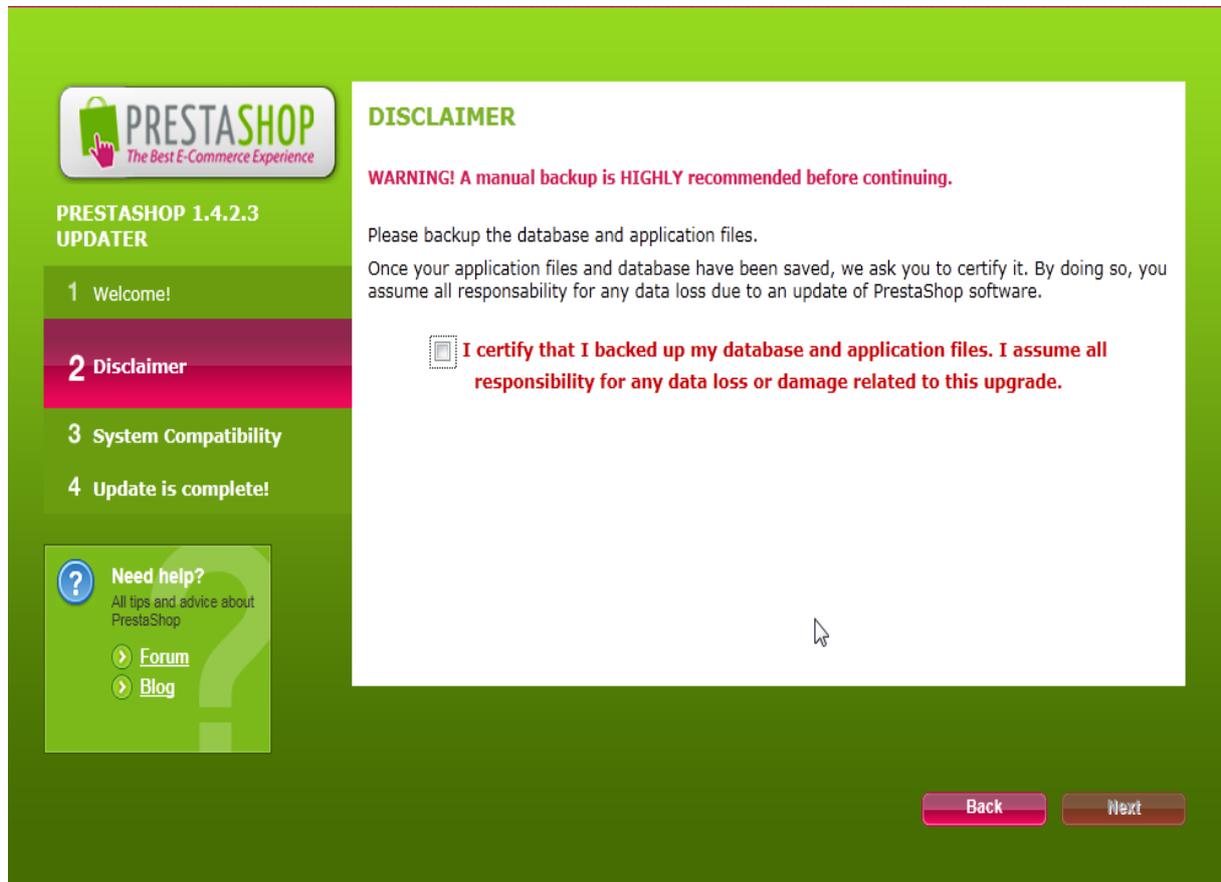
Back

Next

1. Select "Update" instead of "Installation".
2. Read the license agreement, then select the option "I agree to the above terms and conditions".
3. Click on the "Next" button.

If you did follow the first step of this guide concerning back-ups, you can click "I certify that I backed up my database and application files. I

assume all responsibility for any data loss or damage related to this upgrade." If you did not do the required back-ups or if you did not have a chance to verify the data's integrity and that these backups are functional and recent, please go back to step 1 of this guide.



## Verification of all parameters before the update

The parameters of your hosting provider should show on the screen, as well as more details about the operation about to be launched.

- `max_execution_time` shows the maximum time in seconds authorized by your hosting provider for the update to take place. If this number is smaller than the estimated time of installation, we recommend that you notify your hosting provider so that he can increase this limit.
- `memory_limit` is the maximum memory that your hosting provider will set aside for you to complete the upgrade. If this value is smaller than "32M", you should contact your hosting company to request an increase of this value.

If any of these two parameters does not meet the requirements, you are taking the risk of receiving an error message or a blank page after clicking the "Next".

Otherwise, click the "Next" button at the bottom of the page.

If sufficient rights are assigned to your files and folders, the following page will show:

**PRESTASHOP**  
The Best E-Commerce Experience

**PRESTASHOP 1.4.2.3  
INSTALLER**

- Welcome!
- 2 System Compatibility**
- 3 System Configuration
- 4 Shop Configuration
- 5 Installation is complete!

**Need help?**  
All tips and advice about PrestaShop

- Forum
- Blog

### SYSTEM AND PERMISSIONS

**Required set-up. Please verify the following checklist items are true.**

If you have any questions, please visit our [Documentation Wiki](#) and/or [Community Forum](#).

**Your configuration is valid, click next to continue!**

**PHP settings (modify via your PHP admin software):**

- PHP 5.0 or later installed
- Allowed to upload files
- Allowed to create new files and folders
- GD Library is installed
- MySQL support is on

**Write permissions on files and folders:**

- /config
- /tools/smarty/compile
- /tools/smarty/cache
- /tools/smarty\_v2/compile
- /tools/smarty\_v2/cache
- /sitemap.xml
- /log

**Write permissions on folders and subfolders/recursively:**

- /img
- /mails
- /modules
- /themes/prestashop/lang
- /themes/prestashop/cache
- /translations
- /upload
- /download

**Optional set-up**

**PHP settings (modify via your PHP admin software):**

- Allowed to open external URLs
- PHP register global option is off (recommended)
- GZIP compression is on (recommended)
- Mcrypt is available (recommended)**

[Refresh these settings](#)

[Back](#) [Next](#)

If not, make sure that the folders' rights are properly configured: change the access rights of the folders marked in red in the install/update tool, directly on your FTP server (make a CHMOD 755 or 775, depending on your hosting provider) then click the "Refresh these settings" button. *In order to perform a CHMOD, using your FTP client, find the folders that have the wrong permission settings, right-click on each of them in order*

*to display their properties (or even better, their access rights), and tick the boxes that are not yet ticked, until a refresh of the "System and Permissions" page gives you only green folder.*

Once you're done, click "Next" at the bottom of the page, the update will start and probably last a few minutes.

 You can check if the update has started in the upper right part of the screen, thanks to the progress bar. Do not leave the page or close your browser; wait for the update to be completed.

## **Finishing the update**

Once the update is finished, you should see the following screen:

**PRESTASHOP**  
The Best E-Commerce Experience

**PRESTASHOP 1.4.1.0 UPDATER**

- Welcome!
- Disclaimer
- System Compatibility
- Update is complete!**

**Need help?**  
All tips and advice about PrestaShop

- Forum
- Blog

## Your update is completed!

Your shop version is now **1.4.1.0**

[View the log](#)

You have just updated and configured PrestaShop as your online shop solution. We wish you all the best with the success of your online shop.

### NEW FEATURES IN PRESTASHOP V1.4.1.0

Front-office	Delivery	Catalog
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Formatting addresses by country</li> <li>Possibility to delete references to fees</li> <li>Replaced Thickbox by FancyBox (product page)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Estimate your shipping</li> <li>Additional shipping fees per product</li> <li>Choice of the range type (price/weight) by carrier</li> <li>New class ModuleCarrier</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improvement of layered navigation</li> <li>UPC barcodes (USA/Canada)</li> <li>Products unit prices</li> <li>Product comparison</li> </ul>

**WARNING:** For more security, you must delete the 'install' folder and readme files (readme\_fr.txt, readme\_en.txt, readme\_es.txt, readme\_de.txt, readme\_it.txt, CHANGELOG).

### Front Office

Find your store as your future customers will see!

[Discover your store](#)

Improve your user experience as well as your visitor's, discover PrestaShop Addons

Themes	Modules
<p><b>Deco Evo</b> By Community</p> <p><b>Simply Clothes 2 colours</b> By Community</p> <p><b>Mobile Evo - 3 colour</b></p>	<p><b>Slideshow</b> By Community</p> <p><b>Advanced Top Menu</b> By Community</p> <p><b>One Page Checkout</b></p> <p><b>SEO (Search Engine Optimization)</b> By PrestaShop</p> <p><b>PRESTAPRESS NEWS</b> Prestapress - articles, news &amp;</p>

On your FTP server, inside the "prestashop" folder, you should delete:

- The `{/install}` folder (this subfolder contains the update tools).
- The `README` files (contain information about the PrestaShop install).
- The `CHANGELOG` file (contains information about the latest changes in PrestaShop).

You can now access your store's front-office at <http://www.myprestashop.com/prestashop> (change the URL accordingly).

**Did you follow these 3 steps?**

1. Launched the Update tool
2. Verified the parameters and started the update
3. Finished the installation and removing the unneeded folders and files.

If you answered yes to all the questions above, then proceed to step 4.

## **Step 4 - QA and Testing**

### **Import your Translations**

If you did export your custom translations during step 1 (Backups), import them back into your new store by going to the "Tools" tab, then the "Translations" sub-tab.

Catalog Customers Orders Payment Shipping Stats Modules Employees Preferences Tools

Languages Translations Quick Accesses Aliases Import Subdomains DB backup CMS Generators Stores Informations Log

Back Office > Tools > Translations

**Modify translations**

Here you can modify translations for all text input into PrestaShop.  
First, select a section (such as Back Office or Modules), then click the flag representing the language you want to edit.

Front Office translations

**Translation exchange**

**Add / Update a language**

You can add or update a language directly from prestashop.com here

**!** If you choose to update an existing language pack, all your previous customization in the theme named prestashop will be lost. This include front office expressions and default mails.

Language you want to add or update:

**Import a language pack manually**

If the name format is: isocode.gzip (e.g. fr.gzip) and the language corresponding to this package does not exist, it will automatically be created. Be careful, as it will replace all existing data for the destination language!

Language pack to import:

**Export a language**

Export data from one language to a file (language pack).  
Choose the theme from which you want to export translations.

**Copy**

Copies data from one language to another.  
Be careful, as it will replace all existing data for the destination language!  
If necessary, first create a new language.

From:

To:

**Import your Translations**

## Verification of the main Domain Name and regeneration of your .htaccess

You should verify that the domain name assigned in the database is indeed the one that you are working with. To do so, visit the "Preferences" tab, then the "SEO & URLs" sub-tab.

**URLs Setup**

**URLs Setup**

**PS directory**   
Name of the PrestaShop directory on your Web server, bracketed by forward slashes (e.g., /shop/)

**Homepage file**   
Usually "index.php", but may be different for a few hosts.

**Shop domain name**   
Domain name of your shop, used as a canonical URL (e.g., www.myshop.com). Keep it blank if you don't know what to do.

**Shop domain name for SSL**   
Domain name for the secured area of your shop, used as a canonical URL (e.g., secure.myshop.com). Keep it blank if you don't know what to do.

**Friendly URL**  Yes  No  
Enable only if your server allows URL rewriting (recommended)

**Automatically redirect to Canonical url**  Yes  No  
Recommended but your theme must be compliant

You must check the following information:

- "PS directory": This folder should be the one that you have transferred onto your FTP server; in this tutorial, it would be `/prestashop/`
- "Domain Name": This should be the domain name to which you are currently connected. Otherwise, all your links will be invalid and will use an incorrect domain name.

⚠ In any case, do not forget to regenerate your `.htaccess` file by going to the "Tools" tab, then "Generators". If your old `.htaccess` file contains specific information related to your hosting, copy/paste them into the "Specific Configuration" space provided in this same tab.

## Verifying your theme's compatibility

You can verify your theme's compatibility with the updated PrestaShop version by visiting the theme validator developed by PrestaShop.

This tool is available at the following address:

<http://validator.prestashop.com/>.

If you use an unmodified copy of the default theme of PrestaShop, this step is not necessary.

## Tests to be done on your new store

To make sure that everything is working properly on your updated store, you should perform a few tests.

✔ **Testing To-Do List (this is not a complete list, you should do as much testing as possible):**

- All pages load properly (Home, Categories, Products...)
- Create a customer account
- Place an order (add to cart and order)
- Verify that payments work properly (credit card, PayPal, etc.)
- In the Back Office, check that the order was properly placed and received
- Send an email from the contact page or "Forgot my password"
- Check the resulting invoice
- Check all the modules that you have activated

If every test is successful, congratulations! Proceed to step 5.

## **Step 5 - Going live with your Up-to-Date Store.**

### **Swapping your updated store and your production store.**

Congratulations, you have achieved all the essential steps to update your store!

You now need to swap your updated store with your production store.

You have two options to do so:

- On your FTP Server, select the entire content of the "prestashop" folder and drag'n'drop it to the folder of your production store. This option is fast. If your FTP client offers to do it, ask to have it overwrite all existing files

...or...

- You can also download you whole updated store directory ("prestashop") from the FTP server into your local computer, and then upload all the files back onto your production folder. This option will take a little bit longer, and you should again select the option to overwrite all the files.

⊖ At the end of the process, edit the file `config/settings.inc.php`: look for the line containing `PS_BASE_URI`, and replace its value (should be `"/prestashop/"`) by `"/` (or wherever your current store is at). If you don't do that, your images and theme will not appear correctly.

### **Activating your store**

Visit the "Preference" tab in the back-office of your production (now up-to-date) store and click "Yes" for the option "Enable Shop".



## In case of issues

In some rare cases, some modules are not compatible with new version of PrestaShop. You should contact the company / person that provided you with this module to request a few code changes to bring it up to date.

### **Rolling back your database. (Only proceed to this step if you have no other way out)**

If your update went bad and you do not see any other fix than to roll back to the previous version of your database, there are two main ways of doing so:

- Ask your hosting provider to restore the back up for you. Make sure to provide them with the latest backup that you have done during Step 1!

...or...

- Import your backed up data via phpMyAdmin  
This is typically done by the database tools provided to you by your hosting provider, most often phpMyAdmin.  
You will find the backup data under the `/admin/backups` folder.  
If the size of your database is too big, you might encounter an error message. If so, you might need to ask your hosting provider for help by changing the size of the database maximum upload.  
You can also download the database from within your back office. Visit "Tools" then "DBBackup". Select your latest database backup and download it to your computer by clicking on it. It should typically take between 1 and 20 minutes to download.

localhost

Databases SQL Status Variables Charsets Engines Privileges Replication Processes Export **Import** Synchronize

File to import

Location of the text file:  Parcourir... (Max: 8,192KiB)

Character set of the file: utf8

Imported file compression will be automatically detected from: None, gzip, zip

Partial import

Allow the interruption of an import in case the script detects it is close to the PHP timeout limit. This might be good way to import large files, however it can break transactions.

Number of records (queries) to skip from start:

Format of imported file

CSV

Open Document Spreadsheet

SQL

Excel 97-2003 XLS Workbook

Excel 2007 XLSX Workbook

XML

Options

SQL compatibility mode: NONE

Do not use AUTO\_INCREMENT for zero values

Go

## Contact us

For any **support request** or **help to setup your website**, contact us and discover our yearly support offers.

Our support team is at your disposal for any technical detail pertaining to updating your shop to the latest PrestaShop version.

- By e-mail: [support@prestashop.com](mailto:support@prestashop.com)
- By phone: +33.1 40 18 30 04 (9 am – 6 pm Central European Time)
- <http://support.prestashop.com>
- And the ever-helping [community forums](#)